United Nations S/RES/1879 (2009)

Security Council

Distr.: General
23 July 2009

Resolution 1879 (2009)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 6167th meeting, on 23 July 2009

The Security Council,

Recalling its resolutions 1864 (2009), 1825 (2008), 1796 (2008) and 1740 (2007), and the statement of its President of 5 May 2009 (S/PRST/2009/12),

Reaffirming the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of Nepal and its ownership of the implementation of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement and subsequent agreements,

Recalling the signing on 21 November 2006 by the Government of Nepal and the Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) of a Comprehensive Peace Agreement, and the stated commitment of both parties to find a permanent and sustainable peace, and commending the steps taken to date to implement the Agreement,

Acknowledging the strong desire of the Nepalese people for peace and the restoration of democracy and the importance in this respect of the implementation of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement and subsequent agreements by the relevant parties,

Expressing its continued readiness to support the peace process in Nepal in the timely and effective implementation of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement and subsequent agreements, in particular the 25 June 2008 Agreement, as requested by the Government of Nepal,

Welcoming the progress the Constituent Assembly has since made towards writing a new democratic constitution of Nepal within the stipulated time frame since the successful conclusion of the Constituent Assembly elections on 10 April 2008,

Noting with concern recent developments, and encouraging renewed and sustained efforts to create a unified approach among the political parties, including through the proposal for a high-level consultative mechanism as a forum for discussion on critical peace process issues,

Calling upon the Government of Nepal and all political parties to work together to ensure the early reconstitution and effective working of the Special Committee for the supervision, integration and rehabilitation of Maoist army personnel, drawing upon the support of the Technical Committee,

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Echoing the Secretary-General's call for all parties in Nepal to move forward swiftly in the implementation of the agreements reached, *noting* the Secretary-General's assessment that the United Nations Mission in Nepal (UNMIN) will be well placed to assist in the management of arms and armed personnel in accordance with the 25 June 2008 Agreement between the political parties, and recognising UNMIN's willingness to assist the parties in this, as requested, in order to achieve a durable solution,

Welcoming the report of the Secretary-General of 14 July 2009 on UNMIN,

Recalling the completion of two phases of the verification process and *welcoming* continuing assistance with the management of arms and armed personnel of both sides in accordance with resolution 1740 (2007) and in line with the provisions of the Comprehensive Peace Agreement, *noting* the importance of a durable long term solution in helping to create the conditions for completion of UNMIN's activities, *noting* also in this regard the need to address outstanding issues without further delay, and *welcoming in this regard* the decision by the Government of Nepal and the Unified Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist) formally to launch the discharge and rehabilitation process for the disqualified Maoist army personnel, including minors, and *calling upon* all political parties to implement this process fully and expeditiously, and for continued reporting on this issue as required under resolution 1612 (2005),

Recalling that with the successful holding of the Constituent Assembly elections, some of the elements of the mandate of UNMIN as set out in resolution 1740 (2007) have already been accomplished,

Welcoming the action plan which the Government of Nepal has committed to prepare, the implementation of which will facilitate UNMIN's withdrawal from Nepal,

Taking note of the Government of Nepal's letter to the Secretary-General of 7 July 2009 (S/2009/360), which recognises UNMIN's contribution and requests an extension of the mandate of UNMIN for six months, and further taking note of the commitments of the Government of Nepal to reconstitute the Special Committee strengthened with the support of the Ministry of Peace and Reconstruction, and also for beginning the process of integration and rehabilitation of Maoist army personnel,

Recognizing the need to pay special attention to the needs and the role of women, children and traditionally marginalized groups in the peace process, as mentioned in the Comprehensive Peace Agreement and resolution 1325 (2000),

Recognizing the need to address impunity and to promote and protect human rights through building the capacity of independent national institutions,

Recognizing that civil society can play an important role in democratic transition and conflict prevention,

Expressing appreciation for the contribution of the Secretary-General's Representative and the efforts of her team in UNMIN, and the United Nations Country Team, including the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights which is monitoring human rights at the request of the government, and *stressing* the need for coordination and complementarity of efforts between the mission and all the United Nations actors in the mission area, particularly in order to ensure continuity, as the mandate comes to an end,

1. *Decides* in line with the request from the Government of Nepal and the Secretary-General's recommendations, to renew the mandate of UNMIN as established under resolution 1740 (2007) until 23 January 2010, taking into account the completion of some elements of the mandate, the ongoing work on the monitoring and the management of arms and armed personnel in line with the 25 June Agreement 2008 among the political parties, which will support the completion of the peace process;

2. *Calls upon* all parties to take full advantage of the expertise and readiness of UNMIN, within its mandate, to support the peace process to facilitate the completion of outstanding aspects of UNMIN's mandate by 23 January 2010;

3. *Concurs* with the Secretary-General's view that the current monitoring arrangements were conceived as temporary measures, rather than long-term solutions, and cannot be maintained indefinitely, and *underlines* the need for the Government of Nepal to consider necessary measures to end the present monitoring arrangements;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council by 30 October 2009 on the implementation of this resolution, and progress in creating the conditions conducive to completion of UNMIN's activities by the end of the current mandate, including the implementation of commitments made in the Government of Nepal's letter of 7 July 2009;

5. *Calls upon* the Government of Nepal to continue to take the necessary decisions to create conditions conducive to completion of UNMIN's activities by the end of the current mandate, including through implementation of the 25 June 2008 Agreement, in order to facilitate UNMIN's withdrawal from Nepal;

6. *Welcomes* progress achieved so far, and calls upon all political parties in Nepal to expedite the peace process, and to work together in a spirit of cooperation, consensus and compromise in order to continue the transition to a durable long-term solution to enable the country to move to a peaceful, democratic and more prosperous future;

7. *Requests* the parties in Nepal to take the necessary steps to promote the safety, security and freedom of movement of UNMIN and associated personnel in executing the tasks defined in the mandate;

8. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.

United Nations S/RES/1880 (2009)

Security Council

Distr.: General
30 July 2009

Resolution 1880 (2009)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 6174th meeting, on 30 July 2009

The Security Council,

Recalling its previous resolutions, in particular resolutions 1528 (2004), 1721 (2006), 1739 (2007), 1765 (2007), 1795 (2008), 1826 (2008), 1842 (2008) and 1865 (2009), and the statements of its President relating to the situation in Côte d'Ivoire, and resolution 1836 (2008) on the situation in Liberia,

Reaffirming its strong commitment to the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and unity of Côte d'Ivoire, and recalling the importance of the principles of good-neighbourliness, non-interference and regional cooperation,

Recalling that it endorsed the Agreement signed by President Laurent Gbagbo and Mr. Guillaume Soro in Ouagadougou on 4 March 2007 ("the Ouagadougou Political Agreement", S/2007/144), and that it welcomed the four subsequent Supplementary Agreements,

Recalling in particular that in its resolution 1721 (2006) it notably endorsed the decision of the African Union Peace and Security Council on the mandate of the Head of State, and *recalling further* that in the statement of its President dated 28 March 2007 (S/PRST/2007/8) it endorsed the Ouagadougou Political Agreement, including its Chapter V on the institutional executive framework, and that this Agreement provided for a period of ten months for the holding of the presidential elections,

Expressing again its appreciation to President Blaise Compaoré of Burkina Faso ("the Facilitator") for his continued efforts to support the peace process in Côte d'Ivoire, in particular through the Ouagadougou Political Agreement follow-up mechanisms, *commending and encouraging* the continued efforts of the African Union and the Economic Community of West African States ("ECOWAS") to promote peace and stability in Côte d'Ivoire, and *reiterating* its full support for them,

Stressing again the importance of the international consultative organ participating in the meetings of the evaluation and monitoring committee, as an observer,

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Stressing the need for the Council to pursue a rigorous, strategic approach to peacekeeping deployments,

Reiterating its strong condemnation of any attempt to destabilize the peace process by force, and *expressing its intention* to examine without delay the situation after any such attempt, on the basis of a report by the Secretary-General,

Having taken note of the report of the Secretary-General dated 7 July 2009 (S/2009/344),

Recalling its resolution 1674 (2006) on the protection of civilians in armed conflicts, *noting with concern*, in spite of the sustained improvement of the overall human rights situation, the persistence of reported human rights violations against civilians in different parts of the country, including numerous acts of sexual violence, *stressing* that the perpetrators must be brought to justice, and *reiterating* its firm condemnation of all violations of human rights and international humanitarian law in Côte d'Ivoire,

Recalling its resolution 1612 (2005) on children and armed conflict and the subsequent conclusions of the Security Council Working Group on Children and Armed Conflict pertaining to parties in the armed conflict of Côte d'Ivoire (S/AC.51/2008/5), and *expressing* its deep concern that children continue to suffer from various forms of violence,

Recalling also its resolutions 1325 (2000) and 1820 (2008) on women, peace and security, *condemning* any sexual violence, stressing again the importance of women's equal participation and full involvement in all efforts for the maintenance of peace and promotion of peace and security and the need to increase their role in decision-making with regard to conflict prevention and resolution, and *encouraging* the Secretary-General to mainstream a gender perspective in the implementation of the mandate of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire ("UNOCI"),

Determining that the situation in Côte d'Ivoire continues to pose a threat to international peace and security in the region,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

("*Supporting the Ouagadougou political process*")

1. *Recalls* that in the statement of its President dated 29 May 2009 (S/PRST/2009/16) it welcomed the new electoral timeline endorsed in Ouagadougou by all the main Ivorian political actors and leading to the first round of the presidential elections on 29 November 2009, and *underlines* that the Ivorian political actors are bound to respect this timeline to demonstrate their political commitment towards the holding of free, fair, open and transparent elections;

2. *Reiterates* its determination to bring its full support to a credible electoral process for the presidential and legislative elections in Côte d'Ivoire and *expresses its conviction* that any postponement of the presidential elections of 29 November 2009 would be inconsistent with a credible process and with the Ouagadougou Political Agreement as endorsed by the Security Council;

3. *Welcomes* the successful completion of registration of voters;

4. *Recalls* that it had requested in its resolution 1865 (2009) the President of the Independent Electoral Commission to share publicly the details of the time

frame, and *takes note* of the dates he provided for the five stages leading to the elections of 29 November 2009;

5. *Reiterates* that the publication of the electoral list is a crucial step in the electoral process, *looks forward* to the publication of the provisional voters list before the end of August 2009 and *urges* the Ivorian actors to meet their commitments in full and without delay;

6. *Expresses* its determination to follow closely the publication of the provisional and of the final electoral lists, *encourages* the Facilitator and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to inform it without delay of any difficulty that may put at risk the electoral time frame, *expresses its intention* to examine any such situation without delay and *requests* the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to certify the voters list explicitly;

7. *Reiterates* that the Special Representative of the Secretary-General shall certify that all stages of the electoral process provide all the necessary guarantees for the holding of open, free, fair and transparent presidential and legislative elections in accordance with international standards and *reaffirms* its full support to the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in his certification role;

8. *Stresses* that it will base its assessment of the electoral process on the certification that will be prepared by the Special Representative consistent with the five-criteria framework referred to in document S/2008/250 and after inclusive contacts with all stakeholders in Côte d'Ivoire, including the civil society;

9. *Stresses the importance* of an inclusive participation of the Ivorian civil society in the electoral process, and of ensuring the equal protection of and respect for human rights of every Ivorian as they relate to the electoral system, and in particular respect for freedom of opinion and expression, and removing obstacles and challenges to women's participation and full involvement in public life;

10. *Urges* the Government of Côte d'Ivoire to provide the operators involved in the electoral process with the necessary support and *encourages* the international community to continue their support to the electoral process, including by providing, with the agreement of the Ivorian authorities, electoral observation capacity and related technical assistance;

11. *Recalls* that it is fully prepared to impose targeted measures pursuant to paragraph 16 of resolution 1842 (2008), including among other things against persons who are determined to be a threat to the peace and national reconciliation process in Côte d'Ivoire, and *recalls* further that, pursuant to paragraph 6 of the above mentioned resolution, any threat to the electoral process in Côte d'Ivoire, in particular any attack or obstruction of the action of the Independent Electoral Commission in charge of the organization of the elections or the actions of the operators mentioned in paragraphs 1.33 and 2.11 of the Ouagadougou Political Agreement, shall constitute a threat to the peace and national reconciliation process for the purposes of paragraph 9 and 11 of resolution 1572 (2004);

12. *Urges* again the political parties to comply fully with the Code of Good Conduct for elections which they signed under the auspices of the Secretary-General, and in particular *urges* the Ivorian authorities to allow equitable access to public media;

13. *Takes note* again of the ceremony of transfer of authority held in Bouake on 26 of May 2009 as a positive development, *urges* the Ivorian parties to make further progress to advance the reunification and disarmament processes, and *encourages* the international donors to continue to provide their support to them, as appropriate;

14. *Calls upon* all concerned parties to ensure that the protection of women and children is addressed in the implementation of the Ouagadougou Political Agreement as well as the post-conflict reconstruction and recovery phases, including continued monitoring and reporting of the situation of women and children and that all reported abuses are investigated and those responsible brought to justice;

15. *Calls also upon* all Ivorian parties to take appropriate measures to refrain from, prevent and protect civilians from all forms of sexual violence, which could include, inter alia, enforcing appropriate military disciplinary measures, upholding the principle of command responsibility, and training troops on the categorical prohibition of all forms of sexual violence;

16. *Recalls* the recommendation by its Working Group on children in armed conflict in Côte d'Ivoire (S/AC.51/2008/5) that a National Action Plan to address sexual violence be adopted, *welcomes* steps taken so far and urges the Government of Côte d'Ivoire, with the support of UNOCI and other relevant actors to finalize and implement it, *welcomes also* the Programme of Action to Combat Sexual Violence in the areas within its control signed by the Forces Nouvelles in January 2009 pursuant to the above-mentioned recommendations as well as the communiqué issued by four militia groups indicating their willingness to combat sexual violence, and *calls upon* all relevant parties, with the continued support of UNOCI to work together to implement their commitments;

17. *Urges* the signatories of the Ouagadougou Political Agreement to take the necessary steps to protect vulnerable civilian populations, including by guaranteeing the voluntary return, reinstallation, reintegration and security of displaced persons, including by addressing land tenure issues, with the support of the United Nations system, and to fulfil in this regard their commitments in accordance with the Ouagadougou Political Agreement and their obligations under international law;

18. *Welcomes* the progress made in the identification process, which is key to the long-term stability of Côte d'Ivoire, and *calls upon* the Ivorian parties to continue the identification operations, including after the elections;

("*Renewing the mandate of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire*")

19. *Decides* to renew the mandate of UNOCI, as determined in resolution 1739 (2007), until 31 January 2010, in particular to support the organization in Côte d'Ivoire of free, open, fair and transparent elections, within the electoral time frame referred to in paragraph 1 above;

20. *Requests* UNOCI, within its existing resources and mandate, to support actively the parties in the implementation of the remaining tasks under the Ouagadougou Political Agreement and its Supplementary Agreements, in particular those that are essential to the holding of a free, fair, open and transparent presidential election of 29 November 2009, and to continue to support the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme and the disarmament and

dismantling of militias, and to provide technical and logistical support to the Independent Electoral Commission for the preparation and the holding of the elections in a secure environment;

21. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to monitor progress on the achievement of the benchmarks referred to in annex 1 of his report dated 7 July 2009, *encourages* him to continue to refine and update them and to report to the Security Council, and *expresses its intention* to review these benchmarks in full before 15 October 2009, taking into account in particular the progress of the electoral process;

22. *Reiterates* its full support to the efforts of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Côte d'Ivoire, and *requests* UNOCI to continue to actively sensitize the Ivorian population to his certification role;

23. *Commends* the Facilitator for continuing to support the process to settle the crisis in Côte d'Ivoire, and *requests* UNOCI to continue to assist him and his Special Representative in Abidjan in the conduct of the facilitation, including by helping the Facilitator, as appropriate and upon his request, to carry out his arbitration role according to the provisions of paragraph 8.1 of the Ouagadougou Political Agreement and paragraphs 8 and 9 of the third Supplementary Agreement;

24. *Reaffirms* its intention, as expressed in resolution 1836 (2008), to authorize the Secretary-General to redeploy troops, as may be needed, between the United Nations Mission in Liberia (UNMIL) and UNOCI on a temporary basis and in accordance with the provisions of resolution 1609 (2005), as recommended by the Secretary-General in paragraph 25 of his report dated 7 July 2009 (S/2009/344) and *calls on* troop contributing countries to support the efforts of the Secretary-General in that regard;

25. *Underscores* the importance of updating the military concept of operations and rules of engagement before 30 September 2009 and *requests* the Secretary-General to report thereon to the Security Council and troop contributing countries;

26. *Requests* UNOCI to continue to contribute, pursuant to paragraph 2 (k) of its resolution 1739 (2007), to the promotion and protection of human rights in Côte d'Ivoire, with special attention to violence committed against children and women, to monitor and help investigate human rights violations with a view to ending impunity, and to continue to support the efforts all parties should take pursuant to paragraphs 15 and 16 above, and *further requests* the Secretary-General to continue to include in his reports to the Security Council relevant information on progress in this area;

27. *Requests* UNOCI, in this context, to also continue to contribute, pursuant to paragraph 2 (m) of its resolution 1739 (2007), to assist the Government of Côte d'Ivoire in restoring a civilian policing presence throughout Côte d'Ivoire, and to advise the Government of Côte d'Ivoire on the restructuring of the internal security services and in re-establishing the authority of the judiciary and the rule of law throughout Côte d'Ivoire;

28. *Stresses* the need for UNOCI and humanitarian agencies to continue to work closely together, in relation to areas of tensions and of return of displaced

persons, to exchange information on possible outbreaks of violence and other threats against civilians in order to respond thereto in a timely and appropriate manner;

29. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to take the necessary measures to ensure full compliance in UNOCI with the United Nations zero-tolerance policy on sexual exploitation and abuses and to keep the Council informed, and *urges* troop-contributing countries to take appropriate preventive action including predeployment awareness training, and other action to ensure full accountability in cases of such conduct involving their personnel;

30. *Decides* to extend until 31 January 2010 the authorization it provided to the French forces in order to support UNOCI, within the limits of their deployment and their capabilities;

31. *Expresses* its intention to review the situation as well as, as appropriate, the mandate of UNOCI, subject to the progress of the electoral process and in particular to the establishment of the voters list, and in any case no later than 15 October 2009, *requests* the Secretary-General to inform it in early September of the publication of the provisional electoral list and *further requests* the Secretary-General to provide to it a mid-term report, by the end of September 2009, of the situation on the ground, including a specific update on the security situation, and of the preparation of the electoral process;

32. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to inform the Security Council in his upcoming reports on the development of his strategic workplan containing indicative timelines to measure and track progress on the implementation of the benchmarks referred to in paragraph 21 above;

33. *Expresses* its intention to review by 31 January 2010 the mandate of UNOCI and the authorization provided to the French forces which support it, the level of troops of UNOCI and the benchmarks referred to in paragraph 21 above, in light of the progress achieved in the electoral process and in the implementation of the key steps of the peace process, and *requests* the Secretary-General to provide to it a report to this end three weeks before this date;

34. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.

United Nations S/RES/1881 (2009)

Security Council

Distr.: General
30 July 2009

Resolution 1881 (2009)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 6175th meeting, on 30 July 2009

The Security Council,

Reaffirming all its previous resolutions and presidential statements concerning the situation in Sudan,

Reaffirming its strong commitment to the sovereignty, unity, independence and territorial integrity of Sudan and its determination to work with the Government of Sudan, in full respect of its sovereignty, to assist in tackling the various challenges in Sudan,

Recalling also its previous resolutions 1674 (2006) on the protection of civilians in armed conflict, which reaffirms, inter alia, the relevant provisions of the United Nations World Summit outcome document, 1612 (2005) on children in armed conflict, 1502 (2003) on the protection of humanitarian and United Nations personnel, and 1325 (2000) and 1820 (2008) on women, peace and security,

Taking note of the report on Children in Armed Conflict in Sudan dated 10 February 2009 (S/2009/84), including his recommendations, and the report on Children in Armed Conflict in the Sudan (S/2007/520) dated 29 August 2007, and recalling the conclusions endorsed by the Security Council Working Group on Children in Armed Conflict in Sudan (S/AC.51/2008/7),

Welcoming the important role of the African Union,

Welcoming the report of the Secretary-General of 14 July (S/2009/357) on the African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID),

Stressing the need for the Council to pursue a rigorous, strategic approach to peacekeeping deployments,

Expressing concern, two years after the adoption of resolution 1769 (2007), at the continued seriousness of the security situation and deterioration of the humanitarian situation in Darfur, and at the recurring attacks on the civilian population, *reiterating* its condemnation of all violations of human rights and international humanitarian law in Darfur, *calling* on all parties to comply with their obligations under international humanitarian and human rights law, *emphasizing* the need to bring to justice the perpetrators of such crimes and *urging* the Government of Sudan to comply with its obligations in this respect,

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Reaffirming its concern over the negative affect of the ongoing violence in Darfur on the stability of Sudan as a whole as well as the region, *noting with concern* the negative effect of ongoing tensions between the Governments of Sudan and Chad, *reiterating* that a reduction in these tensions and rebel activity in both countries must be addressed to achieve long-term peace in Darfur and in the region, and *encouraging* Sudan and Chad to engage constructively with the Dakar Contact Group and the international community,

Expressing its strong commitment and determination to promote and support the political process in Darfur, and the efforts of the Chief Mediator, and *deploring* the fact that some groups continue to refuse to join the political process,

Determining that the situation in Sudan constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

1. *Decides* to extend the mandate of UNAMID as set out in resolution 1769 (2007) for a further 12 months to 31 July 2010;

2. *Underlines* the need for UNAMID to make full use of its mandate and capabilities, particularly with regard to (a) the protection of civilians across Darfur, and (b) ensuring safe, timely and unhindered humanitarian access, the safety and security of humanitarian personnel and the protection of humanitarian convoys;

3. *Commends* the contribution of troop- and police-contributing countries and donors to UNAMID; *calls* on United Nations Member States to pledge and contribute the remaining helicopter, aerial reconnaissance, ground transport, medical and logistical units and other force enablers required; *underlines* the need for capable battalions effectively able to carry out UNAMID's mandated tasks; in this regard *requests* the continuing assistance of donors in ensuring battalions are suitably trained and equipped; and *further requests* UNAMID to examine how it could maximize the use of its capabilities in Darfur;

4. *Welcomes* the improvement in the Government of Sudan's cooperation with UNAMID, *commends* the credible work of the Tripartite Commission, *calls on* all parties in Darfur to remove all obstacles to the full and expeditious deployment of UNAMID and the proper discharge of its mandate, including by ensuring its security and freedom of movement; and in this regard *calls on* the Government of Sudan to comply with the Status of Forces Agreement fully and without delay, particularly the timely provision of visas for UNAMID personnel and of flight and equipment clearances;

5. *Reiterates* its condemnation of previous attacks on UNAMID by armed groups; *underlines* that any attack or threat on UNAMID is unacceptable; *demands* that there be no recurrence of such attacks; and stresses the need to enhance the safety and security of UNAMID personnel;

6. *Stresses* the importance of achievable and realistic targets against which the progress of United Nations peacekeeping operations can be measured; and in this regard *requests* the Secretary-General, following consultations with the African Union, to:

(a) submit, for the Council's consideration, a strategic workplan containing benchmarks to measure and track progress being made by UNAMID in implementing its mandate,

(b) include in his next report an assessment of progress made against these benchmarks, as well as consequent recommendations regarding UNAMID's mandate and configuration, and

(c) report to the Council every 90 days thereafter on progress made towards implementing UNAMID's mandate across Darfur, as well as on progress on the political process, on the security and humanitarian situation and on all parties compliance with their international obligations;

7. *Demands* that all parties to the conflict in Darfur immediately end violence, attacks on civilians, peacekeepers and humanitarian personnel, and comply with their obligations under human rights and international humanitarian law; *calls* for an immediate cessation of hostilities and for all parties to commit themselves to a sustained and permanent ceasefire; *requests* the Secretary-General to consult with relevant parties with a view to developing a more effective ceasefire monitoring mechanism; and *underlines* the need for UNAMID to report on major instances of violence which undermines the parties' full and constructive efforts towards peace;

8. *Reiterates* there can be no military solution to the conflict in Darfur and that an inclusive political settlement and the successful deployment of UNAMID are essential to re-establishing peace; *reaffirms* its full support for the African Union/United Nations led political process for Darfur and the work of Joint Chief Mediator Mr. Djibrill Yipènè Bassolé; *demands* that all parties to the conflict, including all rebel groups, immediately engage fully and constructively in the peace process without preconditions, including by entering into talks under the mediation of Mr. Bassolé with a view to finalizing a Framework Agreement; *welcomes* the work of Qatar and Libya in this regard and the support of other countries in the region; *calls* on UNAMID to support the Joint Chief Mediator and the Joint Mediation Team; and *underlines* the need for the engagement of civil society, including women and women-led organizations, community groups and tribal leaders in order to create a conducive environment for peace and security through constructive and open dialogue;

9. *Calls* on Sudan and Chad to abide by their obligations under the Doha Agreement of 3 May 2009, the Dakar Agreement of 13 March 2008, and previous bilateral agreements; and *reaffirms* the need for both countries to engage constructively with the Dakar Contact Group with a view to normalizing relations, ceasing support for armed groups, strengthening actions to combat armed trafficking in the region, the establishment of effective joint border monitoring, and cooperating through diplomatic means to establish peace and stability in Darfur and the wider region;

10. *Notes* that conflict in one area of Sudan affects other areas of Sudan and the wider region; and *urges* UNAMID to coordinate closely with other United Nations missions in the region, including the United Nations Mission in Sudan (UNMIS) and the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad (MINURCAT);

11. *Requests* UNAMID, consistent with its current capabilities and mandate, to assist and complement UNMIS efforts in preparing for credible national elections through the provision of advice and assistance where required;

12. *Expresses* its serious concern at the continued deterioration of the humanitarian situation in Darfur, *calls* for the full implementation of the Communiqué between the Government of Sudan and the United Nations on Facilitation of Humanitarian Activities in Darfur; and *demands* that the Government of Sudan, all militias, armed groups and all other stakeholders ensure the full, safe and unhindered access of humanitarian organizations and relief personnel and the delivery of humanitarian assistance to populations in need;

13. *Demands* that all parties to the conflict in Darfur create the conditions conducive to allowing the voluntary, safe, dignified and sustainable return of refugees and internally displaced persons;

14. *Demands* that the parties to the conflict immediately take appropriate measures to protect civilians, including women and children, from all forms of sexual violence, in line with resolution 1820 (2008); and *requests* the Secretary-General to develop a comprehensive strategy for providing protection to women and girls from sexual violence and gender-based violence and to ensure that the relevant provisions of resolutions 1325 (2000) and 1820 (2008) are implemented by UNAMID and to include information on this in his reporting to the Council;

15. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ensure (a) continued monitoring and reporting, as part of the reports referred to in paragraph 6 above, of the situation of children and (b) continued dialogue with the parties to the conflict towards the preparation of time bound action plans to end the recruitment and use of child soldiers and other violations of international humanitarian law against children;

16. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.

United Nations S/RES/1881 (2009)*

Security Council

Distr.: General
6 August 2009

Resolution 1881 (2009)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 6175th meeting, on 30 July 2009

The Security Council,

Reaffirming all its previous resolutions and presidential statements concerning the situation in Sudan,

Reaffirming its strong commitment to the sovereignty, unity, independence and territorial integrity of Sudan and its determination to work with the Government of Sudan, in full respect of its sovereignty, to assist in tackling the various challenges in Sudan,

Recalling also its previous resolutions 1674 (2006) on the protection of civilians in armed conflict, which reaffirms, inter alia, the relevant provisions of the United Nations World Summit outcome document, 1612 (2005) on children in armed conflict, 1502 (2003) on the protection of humanitarian and United Nations personnel, and 1325 (2000) and 1820 (2008) on women, peace and security,

Taking note of the report on Children in Armed Conflict in Sudan dated 10 February 2009 (S/2009/84), including his recommendations, and the report on Children in Armed Conflict in the Sudan (S/2007/520) dated 29 August 2007, and recalling the conclusions endorsed by the Security Council Working Group on Children in Armed Conflict in Sudan (S/AC.51/2008/7),

Welcoming the important role of the African Union,

Welcoming the report of the Secretary-General of 13 July (S/2009/352) on the African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID),

Stressing the need for the Council to pursue a rigorous, strategic approach to peacekeeping deployments,

Expressing concern, two years after the adoption of resolution 1769 (2007), at the continued seriousness of the security situation and deterioration of the humanitarian situation in Darfur, and at the recurring attacks on the civilian population, *reiterating* its condemnation of all violations of human rights and international humanitarian law in Darfur, *calling* on all parties to comply with their obligations under international humanitarian and human rights law, *emphasizing* the

* Reissued for technical reasons.

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need to bring to justice the perpetrators of such crimes and *urging* the Government of Sudan to comply with its obligations in this respect,

Reaffirming its concern over the negative affect of the ongoing violence in Darfur on the stability of Sudan as a whole as well as the region, *noting with concern* the negative effect of ongoing tensions between the Governments of Sudan and Chad, *reiterating* that a reduction in these tensions and rebel activity in both countries must be addressed to achieve long-term peace in Darfur and in the region, and *encouraging* Sudan and Chad to engage constructively with the Dakar Contact Group and the international community,

Expressing its strong commitment and determination to promote and support the political process in Darfur, and the efforts of the Chief Mediator, and *deploring* the fact that some groups continue to refuse to join the political process,

Determining that the situation in Sudan constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

1. *Decides* to extend the mandate of UNAMID as set out in resolution 1769 (2007) for a further 12 months to 31 July 2010;

2. *Underlines* the need for UNAMID to make full use of its mandate and capabilities, particularly with regard to (a) the protection of civilians across Darfur, and (b) ensuring safe, timely and unhindered humanitarian access, the safety and security of humanitarian personnel and the protection of humanitarian convoys;

3. *Commends* the contribution of troop- and police-contributing countries and donors to UNAMID; *calls* on United Nations Member States to pledge and contribute the remaining helicopter, aerial reconnaissance, ground transport, medical and logistical units and other force enablers required; *underlines* the need for capable battalions effectively able to carry out UNAMID's mandated tasks; in this regard *requests* the continuing assistance of donors in ensuring battalions are suitably trained and equipped; and *further requests* UNAMID to examine how it could maximize the use of its capabilities in Darfur;

4. *Welcomes* the improvement in the Government of Sudan's cooperation with UNAMID, *commends* the credible work of the Tripartite Commission, *calls on* all parties in Darfur to remove all obstacles to the full and expeditious deployment of UNAMID and the proper discharge of its mandate, including by ensuring its security and freedom of movement; and in this regard *calls on* the Government of Sudan to comply with the Status of Forces Agreement fully and without delay, particularly the timely provision of visas for UNAMID personnel and of flight and equipment clearances;

5. *Reiterates* its condemnation of previous attacks on UNAMID by armed groups; *underlines* that any attack or threat on UNAMID is unacceptable; *demands* that there be no recurrence of such attacks; and stresses the need to enhance the safety and security of UNAMID personnel;

6. *Stresses* the importance of achievable and realistic targets against which the progress of United Nations peacekeeping operations can be measured; and in this regard *requests* the Secretary-General, following consultations with the African Union, to:

(a) submit, for the Council's consideration, a strategic workplan containing benchmarks to measure and track progress being made by UNAMID in implementing its mandate,

(b) include in his next report an assessment of progress made against these benchmarks, as well as consequent recommendations regarding UNAMID's mandate and configuration, and

(c) report to the Council every 90 days thereafter on progress made towards implementing UNAMID's mandate across Darfur, as well as on progress on the political process, on the security and humanitarian situation and on all parties compliance with their international obligations;

7. *Demands* that all parties to the conflict in Darfur immediately end violence, attacks on civilians, peacekeepers and humanitarian personnel, and comply with their obligations under human rights and international humanitarian law; *calls* for an immediate cessation of hostilities and for all parties to commit themselves to a sustained and permanent ceasefire; *requests* the Secretary-General to consult with relevant parties with a view to developing a more effective ceasefire monitoring mechanism; and *underlines* the need for UNAMID to report on major instances of violence which undermines the parties' full and constructive efforts towards peace;

8. *Reiterates* there can be no military solution to the conflict in Darfur and that an inclusive political settlement and the successful deployment of UNAMID are essential to re-establishing peace; *reaffirms* its full support for the African Union/United Nations led political process for Darfur and the work of Joint Chief Mediator Mr. Djibrill Yipènè Bassolé; *demands* that all parties to the conflict, including all rebel groups, immediately engage fully and constructively in the peace process without preconditions, including by entering into talks under the mediation of Mr. Bassolé with a view to finalizing a Framework Agreement; *welcomes* the work of Qatar and Libya in this regard and the support of other countries in the region; *calls* on UNAMID to support the Joint Chief Mediator and the Joint Mediation Team; and *underlines* the need for the engagement of civil society, including women and women-led organizations, community groups and tribal leaders in order to create a conducive environment for peace and security through constructive and open dialogue;

9. *Calls* on Sudan and Chad to abide by their obligations under the Doha Agreement of 3 May 2009, the Dakar Agreement of 13 March 2008, and previous bilateral agreements; and *reaffirms* the need for both countries to engage constructively with the Dakar Contact Group with a view to normalizing relations, ceasing support for armed groups, strengthening actions to combat armed trafficking in the region, the establishment of effective joint border monitoring, and cooperating through diplomatic means to establish peace and stability in Darfur and the wider region;

10. *Notes* that conflict in one area of Sudan affects other areas of Sudan and the wider region; and *urges* UNAMID to coordinate closely with other United Nations missions in the region, including the United Nations Mission in Sudan (UNMIS) and the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad (MINURCAT);

11. *Requests* UNAMID, consistent with its current capabilities and mandate, to assist and complement UNMIS efforts in preparing for credible national elections through the provision of advice and assistance where required;

12. *Expresses* its serious concern at the continued deterioration of the humanitarian situation in Darfur, *calls* for the full implementation of the Communiqué between the Government of Sudan and the United Nations on Facilitation of Humanitarian Activities in Darfur; and *demands* that the Government of Sudan, all militias, armed groups and all other stakeholders ensure the full, safe and unhindered access of humanitarian organizations and relief personnel and the delivery of humanitarian assistance to populations in need;

13. *Demands* that all parties to the conflict in Darfur create the conditions conducive to allowing the voluntary, safe, dignified and sustainable return of refugees and internally displaced persons;

14. *Demands* that the parties to the conflict immediately take appropriate measures to protect civilians, including women and children, from all forms of sexual violence, in line with resolution 1820 (2008); and *requests* the Secretary-General to develop a comprehensive strategy for providing protection to women and girls from sexual violence and gender-based violence and to ensure that the relevant provisions of resolutions 1325 (2000) and 1820 (2008) are implemented by UNAMID and to include information on this in his reporting to the Council;

15. *Requests* the Secretary-General to ensure (a) continued monitoring and reporting, as part of the reports referred to in paragraph 6 above, of the situation of children and (b) continued dialogue with the parties to the conflict towards the preparation of time bound action plans to end the recruitment and use of child soldiers and other violations of international humanitarian law against children;

16. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.